Toronto Research Chemicals
products for innovative research

Safety Data Sheet - Version 5.0

Preparation Date 12/13/2018
Latest Revision Date (If Revised)
SDS Expiry Date 12/11/2021

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product Identifier

Chemical Name Acetic Acid-$^{13}C_2$

Catalogue # A161562

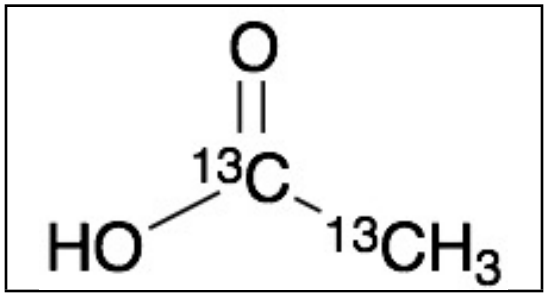
1.2 Relevant Identified Uses of the Substance or Mixture and Uses Advised Against

Product Uses To be used only for scientific research and development. Not for use in humans or animals.

1.3 Details of the Supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

Company Toronto Research Chemicals
2 Brisbane Road
Toronto, ON M3J 2J8
CANADA

Telephone +14166659696
FAX +14166654439
Email orders@trc-canada.com



1.4 Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency# +1(416) 665-9696 between 0800-1700 (GMT-5)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

WHMIS Classification (Canada)

B2 Flammable Liquid

E Corrosive Material

WHMIS Symbols (Canada)

2.1/2.2 Classification of the Substance or Mixture and Label Elements

GHS Hazards Classification (According to EU Regulation 1272/2008 and US OSHA 1910.1200)

Flammable Liquids (Category 3)
Corrosive to Metals (Category 1)
Skin Corrosion (Category 1B)
Eye Damage/Irritation (Category 1)

GHS Hazards Identification (According to EU Regulation 1272/2008 and US OSHA 1910.1200)

Signal Word Danger

GHS Hazard Statements

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
H290 May be corrosive to metals.
H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.

GHS Precautionary Statements

P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P233	Keep container tightly closed.
P242	Use only non-sparking tools.
P264	Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P301/P330/P331	IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
P304/P340	IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
P305/P351/P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
P390	Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.

2.3 Unclassified Hazards/Hazards Not Otherwise Classified

No data available.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances

Molecular Formula: $^{13}C_2H_4O_2$ **Molecular Weight:** 62.04

CAS Registry #: 16651-47-1 **EC#:**

Synonyms

[$^{13}C_2$]-Acetic Acid ; Acetic-$^{13}C_2$ Acid;

3.2 Mixtures

Not a mixture.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of First Aid Measures

General Advice

If medical attention is required, show this safety data sheet to the doctor.

If Inhaled

If inhaled, move casualty to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration and consult a physician.

In Case of Skin Contact

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Take victim immediately to hospital. Consult a physician.

In Case of Eye Contact

Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician. Continue rinsing eyes during transport to hospital.

If Swallowed

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Do NOT induce vomiting unless advised to do so by a physician or Poison Control Center. Seek medical attention.

4.2 Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Both Acute and Delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labeling (see section 2.2) and/or section 11.

4.3 Indication of any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

No data available.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing Media

Dry powder

5.2 Special Hazards Arising from the Substance or Mixture

Carbon oxides

5.3 Advice for Firefighters

Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary.

5.4 Further Information

No data available.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

Use recommended personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Adequate ventilation must be provided to ensure vapours or mists are not inhaled. Vapours are heavier than air and may accumulate in low areas. All sources of ignition, including sources of static discharge, must be removed from area.

6.2 Environmental Precautions

Material should not be allowed to enter the environment. Prevent further spillage or discharge into drains, if safe to do so.

6.3 Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

Contain the spill and then collect using non-combustible absorbent material (such as clay, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite or other appropriate material). Place material in a suitable, sealable container and then dispose according to local/national regulations and guidance (see Section 13).

6.4 Reference to Other Sections

For protective equipment, refer to Section 8. For disposal, see Section 13.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for Safe Handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Ventilation and proper handling are to be used to prevent the formation of vapours and mists. Remove all sources of ignition and take precautionary measures to prevent the buildup of electrostatic discharge (ground and bond containers as appropriate). No smoking, eating or drinking around this material. Wash hands after use.**s**

7.2 Conditions for Safe Storage, Including any Incompatibilities

Ensure container is kept securely closed before and after use. Keep in a well ventilated area and do not store with strong oxidizers or other incompatible materials (see Section 10).

Storage conditions: Refrigerator

7.3 Specific End Uses

For scientific research and development only. Not for use in humans or animals.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control Parameters

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value	Control parameters	Basis
Acetic Acid-$^{13}C_2$	16651-47-1	TWA	10 ppm 25 mg/m3	Canada. Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table 2: OEL)
		STEL	15 ppm 37 mg/m3	Canada. Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table 2: OEL)
		TWA	10 ppm	Canada. British Columbia OEL
		STEL	15 ppm	Canada. British Columbia OEL
		TWAEV	10 ppm 25 mg/m3	Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for airborne contaminants
		STEV	15 ppm 37 mg/m3	Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for airborne contaminants

TWA	10 ppm	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
STEL	15 ppm	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

8.2 Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls
A laboratory fumehood or other appropriate form of local exhaust ventilation should be used to avoid exposure.

Personal Protective Equipment
All recommendations below are advisory in nature and a risk assessment should be performed by the employer/end user prior to use of this product. The type of protective equipment must be selected based on the amount and concentration of the dangerous material being used in the workplace.

Eye/Face Protection
Safety goggles or face shield. All equipment should have been tested and approved under appropriate standards, such as NIOSH (US), CSA (Canada), or EN 166 (EU).

Skin Protection
Gloves should be used when handling this material. Gloves are to be inspected prior to use. Contaminated gloves are to be removed using proper glove removal technique so that the outer surface of the glove does not contact bare skin. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in compliance with good laboratory practices and local requirements.

Gloves used for incidental exposures (splash protection) should be designated as "chemical resistant" by EU standard EN 374 with the resistance codes corresponding to the anticipated use of the material. Unrated gloves are not recommended.
Suggested gloves: AnsellPro Sol-Vex nitrile gloves style 37-175, 15 mil thickness.
Penetration time has not been determined.

Gloves used for prolonged direct exposure (immersion) should be designated "chemical resistant" as per EN 734 with the resistance codes corresponding to the anticipated use of the material.
Suggested gloves: AnsellPro Viton/Butyl gloves style 38-612, 4/8 mil thickness.
Penetration time has not been determined.

These recommendations may not apply if the material is mixed with any other chemical, or dissolved into a solution. A risk assessment must be performed to ensure the gloves will still offer acceptable protection.

Body Protection
Chemical-resistant bodysuit (laminated Tychem SL or equivalent).

Respiratory Protection
Recommended respirators are NIOSH-approved OV/Multi-gas/P100 or CEN-approved ABEK-FFP3 respirators. These are to be only used as a backup to local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls. If the respirator is the only means of protection, a full-face supplied air respirator must be used.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

A) Appearance
Clear Colourless Liquid

B) Odour
No data available

C) Odour Threshold
No data available

D) pH
No data available

E) Melting Point/Freezing Point
N/A

F) Initial Boiling Point/Boiling Range
No data available

G) Flash point
No data available

H) Evaporation Rate
No data available

I) Flammability (Solid/Gas)
No data available

J) Upper/Lower Flammability/Explosive Limits
No data available

K) Vapour Pressure
No data available

L) Vapour Density
No data available

M) Relative Density
No data available

N) Solubility
Chloroform, Methanol

O) Partition Coefficient: n-octanol/water
No data available

P) Auto-Ignition Temperature
No data available

Q) Decomposition Temperature
No data available

R) Viscosity
No data available

S) Explosive Properties
No data available

T) Oxidizing Properties
No data available

9.2 Other Information
no data available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity
No data available.

10.2 Chemical Stability
Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3 Possibility of Hazardous Reactions
No data available.

10.4 Conditions to Avoid
Heat, flames and sparks.

10.5 Incompatible Materials
Oxidizing agents, Soluble carbonates and phosphates, Hydroxides, Metals, Peroxides, permanganates, e.g. potassium permanganate, Amines, Alcohols, Nitric acid.

10.6 Hazardous Decomposition Products
In the event of fire: See section 5. **Other decomposition products:** No data available.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on Toxicological Effects

A) Acute Toxicity
Oral LD50: Rat - 3,310 mg/kg
Inhalation LC50: Mouse - 1 h - 5620 ppm
Dermal LD50: Rabbit - 1,112 gm/kg

B) Skin Corrosion/Irritation
No data available

C) Serious Eye Damage/Irritation
Corrosive - causes skin and eye burns. May also cause respiratory tract damage.

D) Respiratory or Skin Sensitization
No data available

E) Germ Cell Mutagenicity
No data available

F) Carcinogenicity
No data available

G) Reproductive Toxicity/Teratogenicity
No data available

H) Single Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure
No data available

I) Single Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure
No data available

J) Aspiration Hazard
No data available

K) Potential Health Effects and Routes of Exposure

Inhalation
May be harmful if inhaled. Material is extremely destructive to the mucous membranes and respiratory tract.

Ingestion
May be harmful if swallowed.

Skin
May be harmful if absorbed through skin. Causes skin burns.

Eyes

Causes severe eye burns and possible permanent eye damage.

L) Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labeling (see section 2.2) and/or section 11.

To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties of this material have not been thoroughly investigated.

M) Additional Information

RTECS: AF1225000

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

Toxicity to fish:

semi-static test LC50 - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) - > 1,000 mg/l - 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:

EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - > 300.82 mg/l - 48 h

12.2 Persistance and Degradability

No data available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative Potential

No data available.

12.4 Mobility in Soil

No data available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB Assessment

No data available.

12.6 Other Adverse Effects

No data available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste Treatment Methods

A) Product

Product may be burned in an incinerator equipped with afterburner and scrubber. Excess and expired materials are to be offered to a licensed hazardous material disposal company. Ensure that all Federal and Local regulations regarding the disposal and destruction of this material are followed.

B) Contaminated Packaging

Dispose of as above.

C) Other Considerations

Product is not to be disposed of in sanitary sewers, storm sewers, or landfills.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1 UN Number

DOT (US): UN2789 IATA: UN2789 IMDG: UN2789 ADR/RID: UN2789

14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name

DOT (US)/IATA:
Acetic acid, glacial

IMDG/ARD/RID:
ACETIC ACID, GLACIAL

14.3 Transport Hazard Class(es)

DOT (US): 8 (3) IATA: 8 (3) IMDG: 8 (3) ADR/RID: 8 (3)

14.4 Packing Group

DOT (US): II IATA: II IMDG: II ADR/RID: II

14.5 Environmental Hazards

DOT (US): None IATA: None IMDG: None ADR/RID: None

14.6 Special Precautions for User

None

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of WHMIS (Canada), OSHA 1910.1200 (US), and EU Regulation EC No. 1907/2006 (European Union).

15.1 Safety, Health and Environmental Regulations/Legislation Specific for the Substance or Mixture

A) Canada

DSL/NDSL Status: This product or a component of this product is registered on the Canadian DSL/NDSL.

B) United States

TSCA Status: This product or a component is listed on the US EPA TSCA.

C) European Union

ECHA Status: This product or a component is registered with the EU ECHA.

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No data available

16. OTHER INFORMATION

16.1 Revision History

Original Publication Date: 12/13/2018

16.2 List of Abbreviations

LD50	Median lethal dose of a substance required to kill 50% of a test population.
LC50	Medial lethal concentration of a substance required to kill 50% of a test population.
LDLo	Lowest known lethal dose
TDLo	Lowest known toxic dose
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
NTP	National Toxicology Program
RTECS	Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances

16.3 Further Information

 The above information is believed to be correct to the best of our knowledge, but is to be only used as a guide. To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated. Please take all due care when handling this product.